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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/803,363	03/17/2004	Jingyu Lian	2004P51100US/INTECH 3.0-0	5822
48154	7590 02/28/2006		EXAM	INER
SLATER & MATSIL LLP 17950 PRESTON ROAD			TRAN, THANH Y	
SUITE 1000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DALLAS, TX 75252			2822	

DATE MAILED: 02/28/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/803,363	LIAN ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Thanh Y. Tran	2822		

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 03 February 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on ___ __. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: . (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) . will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: _ Claim(s) rejected: 1-6. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

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13. Other: ____.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

See Continuation Sheet.

11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the claimed invention is "read on" the combined teaching of Ashida (U.S. 6,365,420) and Marsh et al (U.S. 6,800,937). For example, applicant argued that the reference of Marsh does not teach an adhesion layer of IrO2 in physical contact with the SiO2 substrate as recited in claim 1. In response, the examiner disagrees with applicant's argument because Ashida clearly teaches all limitations (an adhesion layer 31 is deposited on a SiO2 substrate, see col. 6, lines 62-65 in Ashida), except for the adhesive layer is selected from the group consisting of at least one of Si and IrO2. And secondary reference of Marsh clearly teaches that the adhesive layer is selected from the group consistion of IrO2 ("adhesive layer is formed of a conductive metal oxide" selected from the group consisting of "IrO2", see col. 3, lines 46-52 in Marsh). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the structure of Ashida by replacing the adhesive layer of Ashida with the adhesive layer which is formed of IrO2 as taught by Marsh for preventing delamination of films in a semicondutor structure (see col. 4, lines 44-55 in Marsh). The reference of Marsh only teaches the adhesive layer of IrO2, and it does not need to teach the adhesive layer in physical contact with SiO2 substrate because the primary reference of Ashida already teached that. Applicant further argued that the reference never teaches forming a conductive layer as the adhesive layer. In response, the examiner disagrees with applicant's argument because the combined teaching of Ashida and Marsh clearly teach that the adhesive layer is formed of a conductive metal oxide, e.g., formed from materials selected from the group consisting of IrO2 (see col. 3, lines 46-52 in Marsh). Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Zandra V. Smith
Supervisory Materit Examiner
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